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Environmental Cleanup Office

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**ASTARIS LLC**Box 4111
Pocatello, Idaho 83205
208-236-8200

April 2, 2001

EPA, Region 10 CR-ERNS Coordinator Superfund Response and Investigation Section 1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, WA 98101

RE: CERCLA and SARA Hazardous Substances Continuous Release Notification, FMC-

Pocatello Plant, CR-ERNS Number 282388

Dear Sir/Madam:

As per 40 CFR 302.8(f), Astaris, Idaho LLC is providing the required written follow-up notification to an initial written notification dated April 3, 2000.

The following are changes in information submitted in the April 3, 2000 report: 1). The facility is no longer operated by FMC Corporation – the new operator name is Astaris, 2). The total quantity of Hydrogen Fluoride released in 1999 was reported as 246 lbs. – the correct amount is 30,061 lbs., 3). For hazardous substance Hydrogen Cyanide, phossy pond 16 was closed in 1999 and therefore has been removed as a source in 2000, 4). For hazardous substance Phosphine, phossy pond 16 was closed in 1999 and therefore has been removed as a source in 2000, 5). For hazardous substance Hydrogen Fluoride, slag pit digging was discontinued in 1999 and therefore has been removed as a source in 2000.

Accompanying this letter is the first anniversary follow-up report and the 2001 annual review summary. The 2001 annual review reflects a reduction in phosphorus to the Phossy ponds versus 1999 and a reduction in Phosphine and Hydrogen Cyanide emissions off the Phossy ponds versus 1999.

If you have any questions regarding this notification, please call me at 208-236-8207.

Sincerely.

isa Naccarato

EMS Manager/Environmental Engineer

Encl: First anniversary follow-up report

2000 Continuous release review

CC: Reginald Thorpe, The Sho-Ban Tribes Dept. of Public Safety

USEPA SF

Summary of annual review conducted for continuous releases Year reviewed: 2000 Review completed as of April 2, 2001

The following chemicals were determined to require reporting as continuous releases: Sulfur Dioxide
Nitrogen Oxides (NOX)
Hydrogen Cyanide
Phosphine
Phosphorus

The review of Sulfur Dioxide indicated that emissions were below the upper bound of 45,000 lbs/day. The total amount of SO2 released in 2000 was 7,337,223 lbs/year (3669 tpy). [CR ERNS 282388]

The review of Nitrogen Oxides (NOX) indicated that emissions were below the upper bound of 20,000 lbs/day. The total NOX released in 2000 was 2,527,452 lbs (1264 tpy). [CR ERNS 282388]

The review of Hydrogen Cyanide indicated that emissions were below the upper bound of 616 lbs/day. The total amount of HCN released in 2000 was 178,735 lbs/year (89 tpy). Pond 16 was closed for the entire year 2000; therefore, it has been removed as a source. New upper bound, 565 lbs/day; new lower bound, 353 lbs/day. [CR ERNS 282388]

The review of Phosphine indicated that emissions were below the upper bound of 290 lbs/day. The total Phosphine released in 2000 was 51,115 lbs/year (25 tpy). Pond 16 was closed for the entire year 2000; therefore, it has been removed as a source. New upper bound, 166 lbs/day; new lower bound, 91 lbs/day. [CR ERNS 282388]

The review of Phosphorus indicated that emissions were below the reported upper bound range 12,000 lbs/day. The total amount of Phosphorus released in 2000 was 979,301 lbs/year (490 tpy). The new upper bound is 3,167 lbs/day; the new lower bound is 1,911 lbs/day. [CR ERNS 282388]

The review of Hydrogen Fluoride indicated that emissions were below the reported upper bound range 200 lbs/day. There was no slag pit tapping in 2000; therefore, slag pit Hydrogen Fluoride emissions have been removed as a source. The total amount of Hydrogen Fluoride released in 2000 was 28,761 lbs/year (14 tpy). [CR ERNS 282388]

Radionuclides were reviewed and determined to be below RQ reporting threshold values. Polonium 210, also below reporting thresholds, is federally permitted; therefore, exempt from continuous release reporting. [CR ERNS 282388]

Ammonia and Hydrogen Sulfide emissions were reviewed and determined to be below RQ reporting thresholds.

SECTION	I: GENERAL INFORMATION	CR-ERNS Number: 282388				
Date of I	nitial Release: 3/10/2000	Date of Initial Call to NRC: 3/10/2000				
Type of Report: Indicate below the type of report you are submitting.  First Anniversary Written Notification Written Notification of a Change to Report Initial Notification Follow-up Report						
Signed Statement: I certify that the hazardous substances releases described herein are continuous and stable in quantity and rate under the definitions in 40 CFR 302.8(a) or 355.4(a)(2)(iii) and that all submitted information is accurate and current to the best of my knowledge.  Paul R. Yochum / Plant Manager  Name and Position  Signature						
Part A. Fac	ility or Vessel Information	·				
·	cility or Vessel Astaris					
Person in Charge of Facility or Vessel	Name of Person in Charge Paul R.  Position Plant Manager  Telephone No. (208) 236-8244	Yochum Alternate Telephone No. (208) 236-8236				
Facility Address or Vessel Port of Registration	Street Highway 30, West of city City Pocatello	County Power State ID Zip Code 83205				
J	F	092-9518				
Facility/Vess Location	el Latitude Deg 042 Min 19 Longitude Deg 112 Min 19	( <del></del>				
Part B. Por	oulation Information					
Population Density  Choose the range that describes the population density within a one-mile radius of your facility or vessel (Indicate by placing an "X" in the appropriate blank below).  0 - 50 persons M 101 - 500 persons more than 1000 persons 51 - 100 persons 501 - 1000 persons						
Sensitive Populations and Ecosystems Within One Mile Radius	Sensitive Populations or Eco (e.g., schools, hospitals, wetlands, wild) Portneuf River and associate riparian areas and wetlands	ifé preserves, etc.)				

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# SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION

CR-ERNS Number:

282388

## Part A: Basis for Asserting the Release is Continuous and Stable in Quantity and Rate.

For EACH source of a release of a hazardous substance or mixture from your facility or vessel, provide the following information on a SEPARATE sheet. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source: Astar	is
1. Indicate whether the release	from this source is either:
continuous without interrupti	on X OR routine, anticipated, intermittent
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	results in the release from this source (e.g., batch process, filling of a storage tank), nalfunction and explain why the release from the malfunction should be considered ntiry and rate.*
Phosphorus is release building and the phos	ed to lined waste ponds via a water slurry from the furnace dock. Phosphorus is also released via the flares; however, everted to Phosphorus Pentoxide upon contact with air.
emissions, but also me Nitric Oxide, Suffur the scrubbers, but may emissions in the furn	, Hydrogen Cyanide to the air are associated with pond ay be released from flares and scrubbing operations. Dioxide and Hydrogen Fluoride are emitted to the air from y also be released from flares, boilers and as fugitive ace and calciner areas.  ntinuously (365 d/yr).
	,
3. Identify below how you est	ablished the pattern of release and calculated release estimates.
X Past release data	X Knowledge of the facility/vessel's X Engineering estimate operations and release history
_x AP-42	X Best professional judgment . Other (explain)
	; =

<sup>\*</sup> Note that unanticipated events, such as spills, pipe ruptures, equipment failures, emergency shutdowns, or accidents, do not qualify for reduced reporting under CERCLA section 103(f)(2). Unanticipated events are not incidental to normal operations and, by definition, are not continuous or anticipated, and are not sufficiently predictable or regular to be considered stable in quantity and rate.

SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION CR-ERNS Number: 282388 (continued) Name of Source: Astaris Part B: Specific Information on the Source For the source identified above, provide the following information. Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary. AFFECTED MEDIUM. Identify the environmental medium (i.e., air, surface water, soil, or ground water) that is affected by the release from this source. If your source releases hazardous substances to more than one medium (e.g., a wastepile releasing to air and ground water), treat the release to EACH medium as a separate source and complete Section II, Parts A, B, and C, of this format for EACH medium affected. AIR X (stack X or area X) If the medium affected is air, please also specify whether the source is a stack or a ground-based area source. If identified source is a stack, indicate stack height: \_\_\_\_ feet or meters; OR If identified source is an area source (e.g., waste pile, landfill, valves, tank vents, pump seals, fugitive emissions), indicate surface area: \_\_\_\_\_ square feet or square meters. SURFACE WATER N/A (stream \_\_\_\_, lake \_\_\_\_, or other \_\_\_\_ If the release affects any surface water body, give the name of the water body. If the release affects a stream, give the stream order or average flow rate, in cubic feet per second. stream order: \_\_\_\_ or average flow rate: \_\_\_\_ cubic feet/second; OR If the release affects a lake, give the surface area of the lake in acres and the average depth in meters. surface area of lake: \_\_\_\_ acres and average depth of lake: \_\_\_\_ meters. Ø SOIL OR GROUND WATER \_N/A

If the release is on or under ground, indicate the distance to the closest water well.

### **Optional Information**

The following information is not required in the final rule; however, such information will assist EPA in evaluating the risks associated with the continuous release. If this information is not provided, EPA will make conservative assumptions about the appropriate values. Please note that the units specified below are suggested units. You may use other units; however, be certain that the units are clearly identified.

For a stack release to air, provide the following
information, if available:
Inside diameter feet or meters
Gas Exit Velocity feet/second or
meters/second
Gas Temperaturedegrees Fahrenheit,
Kelvin, or Celsius

For a release to surface water, provide the following information, if available: Average Velocity feet/second of Surface Water

N/A

# SECTION II: SOURCE INFORMATION (continued)

CR-ERNS Number: 282388

### Part C. Identity and Quantity of Each Hazardous Substance or Mixture Released From Each Source

Please provide a SEPARATE sheet for EACH source. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Source: Astaris

(List of sources for each hazardous substance is attached.)

List each hazardous substance released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 1 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

		Normal (in lbs. or k	-	Number of Days Release Occurs	Total Quantity Released in Previous Year	Months of the
Name of Hazardous Substance	CASRN#	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. or kg)*	Release
Phosphine	7803512	166 1bs	<sub>.,,</sub> 91 lbs	365	51,115 1bs	12
llydrogen Cyanide	74908	\$65 lbs	353 lbs	365	178,735 lbs	12
,				·	**************************************	
Phosphorus	7723140	3,167 lbs	1,911 <sub>lbs</sub>	365	979,301 lbs.	12
Hydrogen Fluoride	7664393	186 lbs	83 lbs	365	28,761 lbs.	12
Nitric Oxide	10102439	20,000 lbs	10,000 lbs	365	2,527,4 <b>52</b> 1bs	12

List each mixture released from the source identified above and provide the following information. (For an example, see Table 2 of Reporting Requirements for Continuous Releases of Hazardous Substances - A Guide for Facilities and Vessels on Compliance.)

				Normal I	Range of	Normal Range of		<b></b>	
	Name of			Comp	onents	Mixture	Number of	Total Quantity of	
•	Hazardous	•	(i	n lbs. or k	g per day)*	(in lbs. or kg per day)*	Days Release	Mixture Released	
	Substance		Weight `	Upper	Lower	Upper Lower	Occurs	in Previous Year	of the
Name of Mixture	<u>Components</u>	CASRN#	Percentage	Bound	<b>Bound</b>	Bound Bound	(per year)	(in lbs. or kg)	<u>Release</u>

<sup>\*</sup> Please be sure to include units where appropriate. Also, if the release is a radionuclide, units of curies (CI) are appropriate.

# SECTION III: SUBSTANCE INFORMATION

CR-ERNS Number: 28

282388

### Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance: Hydrogen Cyanide

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Name of Source(s)

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kg, or Ci)

Secondary Flare
Ground Flare
Phossy Ponds 17, 18

4 lbs l lbs 560 lbs

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release\*: 565 lbs

<sup>\*</sup> This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

# SECTION III: SUBSTANCE INFORMATION

CR-ERNS Number: 282388

### Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance: Hydrogen Fluoride

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

### Name of Source(s)

### <u>Upper Bound of the Normal Range of</u> the Release (specify lbs.. kg. or Ci)

Ground Flare	2 1b
Secondary Flare	2
Calciner Scrubbers	70
Calciner Coolers	103
Calciner Fugitives	2
Furnace Scrubbers	4
Furnace Fugitives	3

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release\*: 186 1bs

\* This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

# SECTION III: SUBSTANCE INFORMATION

CR-ERNS Number: 282388

### Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance: Nitric Oxide

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

Upper Bound of the Normal Range of
the Release (specify lbs., kg, or Ci)
617 lbs
154
210
17,767
22
122
367
79
42

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release\*

20,000 lbs

<sup>\*</sup> This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

SECTION III: SUBSTANCE
INFORMATION

CR-ERNS Number: 282388

### Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance: Phosphine

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

# Name of Source(s) Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kg, or Ci)

lbs

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release\*: 166 lbs

\* This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.

# SECTION III: SUBSTANCE INFORMATION

CR-ERNS Number: 282388

### Calculation of the SSI Trigger

For EACH hazardous substance or hazardous substance component of a mixture indicated in Section II, Part C, list the names of the releasing sources and their upper bounds. Please use a SEPARATE sheet for EACH hazardous substance. Photocopy this page if necessary.

Name of Hazardous Substance: Phosphorus

To calculate the SSI trigger (i.e., the upper bound of the normal range of a release) for the hazardous substance identified above, aggregate the upper bounds of the normal range of the identified hazardous substance across all sources identified in Section II, Part C. If the hazardous substance is also a component of a mixture, be certain to include the upper bound of the component as calculated in Section II, Part C, in your calculation of the SSI trigger.

#### Name of Source(s)

Ground Flare Secondary Flare Phossy Pond 18 Phossy POnd 17

# Upper Bound of the Normal Range of the Release (specify lbs., kg, or Ci)

2 lbs. 15 lbs. 2,600 lbs. 550 lbs.

TOTAL - SSI trigger for this hazardous substance release\*: 3,167 1bs

<sup>\*</sup> This method for calculating the SSI trigger for the hazardous substance assumes that all releases of the same hazardous substance or mixture occur simultaneously. To the extent that a hazardous substance is released from your facility from different sources and at different frequencies, you may adjust the SSI trigger as appropriate, so that it more accurately reflects the frequency and quantity of the release. The SSI trigger in the final analysis must reflect the upper bound of the normal range of the release, taking into consideration all sources of the release at the facility or vessel. The normal range of the release includes all releases previously reported or occurring over a 24-hour period during the previous year.